Revision nr. 9 MARBEC S.R.L. Dated 23/11/2023 Printed on 03/07/2024 0030580 - FLUOIL Page n. 1/20 Replaced revision:8 (Dated: 23/02/2022)

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

0030580 Code: Product name **FLUOIL** Chemical name and synonym **FLUOIL**

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

SU22 - Professional uses SU21-Consumer uses Field of use

Product Category PC09a - Coatings and paints, thinners and pickling solutions

Oil-waxy impregnation for wood outdoors Description/

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

MARBEC S.R.L. Name Full address VIA CROCE ROSSA 5/i District and Country 51037 MONTALE (PISTOIA)

ITALIA

Tel. +039 0573/959848

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet

Supplier: info@marbec.it

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to MARBEC srl

0573959848 h8.30-13 h14-18 o 3357267921

Numero telefonico di Centri Antiveleni attivi 24/24 ore

IRCSS Fondazione Maugeri -Pavia 0039-0382-24444 CAV Ospedali Riuniti -Bergamo 0039-800-883300

CAV Ospedale Niguarda Ca` Granda -

Milano 0039-02-66101029

CAV Ospedale Careggi- Firenze 0039-055-7947819

CAV Policlinico Gemelli -Roma 0039-06-3054343 CAV Policlinico Umberto I -Roma 0039-06 49978000 CAV Ospedale Cardarelli -Napoli 0039-081 5453333

CAV Azienda Ospedaliera Integrata Verona - Verona 800011858

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878.

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Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Flammable liquid, category 3 H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Aspiration hazard, category 1 H304

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

category 3

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:







Signal words: Danger

Hazard statements:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

EUH208 Contains: Neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt

May produce an allergic reaction.

Precautionary statements:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

P261 Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.

P312 Call a POISON CENTRE / doctor / . . . if you feel unwell.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

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Contains: Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic"

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatic

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC):

Interior and exterior minimal build woodstains.

VOC given in g/litre of product in a ready-to-use condition : 408,00 Limit value: 700,00

2.3. Other hazards

Do not accumulate cloths, rags, sponges, sawdust, etc. impregnated with the product, they may self-ignite. Dispose of them after wetting them with water.

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration ≥ 0.1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification x = Conc. % Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes,

isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic"

CAS - 50 ≤ x < 100 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066

Asp. Tox. 1 H304: ≥ 1%

EC 919-857-5

INDEX -

REACH Reg. 01-2119463258-33

Cooked linseed oil

CAS 68649-95-6 $30 \le x < 50$

EC 272-038-8

INDEX -

REACH Reg. 01-2119484875-20-

xxxx

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatic

 $\text{CAS} \quad \text{-} \qquad \qquad 1 \leq x < 2,5 \qquad \qquad \text{Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H335, STOT SE 3 H336, }$

Aquatic Chronic 2 H411

EC 918-668-5

INDEX 649-356-00-4

REACH Reg. 01-2119455851-35-

XXXX

Reaction products bis (2,2,6,6tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl decandedioate with 1,1-dimethyl

ethyl hydroperoxide and octane

CAS 129757-67-1 $1 \le x < 3$ Aquatic Chronic 4 H413

EC 406-750-9

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REACH Reg. 01-0000015625-69

Mixture of 3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-(1,1-dimethyl)-4hydroxyphenyl]alkyl C7-C9
propionates

CAS 127519-17-9

 $1 \le x < 2,5$

Aquatic Chronic 2 H411

EC 407-000-3

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REACH Reg. 01-0000015648-61 **Neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt**

CAS 27253-31-2

EC 248-373-0

 $0 \le x < 0.5$

Acute Tox. 4 H302, STOT RE 1 H372, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Chronic 3

H412

LD50 Oral: 1567 mg/kg

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REACH Reg. 01-2119970733-31-

0006

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

NOTE: The dearomatised white spirit present in this product is a UVCB (PrC3) complex, CAS n.a., EC 919-857-5, n. INDEX: n.a. ("C9-C11 hydrocarbons, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics" A complex and variable combination of paraffinic, cyclic and aromatic hydrocarbons, having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C9-C11 and boiling point in the range 130 ° C - 210 ° C). Some manufacturers provide the following related CASs: 64742-48-9.

Note P of Annex 1 applies. Benzene concentration <0.1 & by weight.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Wash immediately and abundantly with water for at least 15 minutes. If present, remove contact lenses if the situation allows you to do so with ease. Continue rinsing. Consult a doctor immediately.

SKIN: Wash immediately and abundantly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. In case of irritation, swelling or redness, consult a specialist doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. For thermal burns, cool the injured part. Keep the burned part under cold running water for at least five minutes or until the pain disappears. Avoid general hypothermia. When using high pressure equipment, a product injection can occur even without apparent external injury. In this case immediately transfer the injured person to the hospital. Do not wait for the symptoms to appear.

INHALATION: In case of difficult breathing, bring the victim to the open air and keep him in a comfortable position for breathing. If the victim is unconscious and not breathing, check that there are no obstacles to breathing and practice artificial respiration by specialized personnel. If necessary, carry out external heart massage and consult a doctor. If the victim breathes, keep him in a safe lateral position. Give oxygen if necessary.

SWALLOWING: Do not cause vomiting to avoid the risk of aspiration. Immediately transport the injured person to hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to appear. In case of spontaneous vomiting, keep your head down to avoid the risk of aspiration of vomiting into the lungs.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product is not known.

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic"

Eye irritation. contact can cause chapping. Skin cause dryness contact: redness. Repeated exposure skin Inhalation: headache, dizziness, drowsiness, nausea and other effects the nervous system. on central Ingestion: Ingestion can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea. It can cause depression in the central nervous system. If

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ingested, the material can be aspirated into the lungs and cause chemical pneumonia.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic"

If ingested accidentally the product can enter the lungs because of its low viscosity and provoke the rapid development of serious lung injuries (keep under medical supervision for 48 hours).

Notes for doctor: Treat symptomatically.

Cooked linseed oil

Immediate medical care. Symptomatic treatment

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide and chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water.

Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

If large quantities of the product are involved in a fire, they can make it considerably worse. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

In the case of fire, use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent the risk of explosions (product decomposition and excess pressure) and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Remove all containers containing the product from the fire, if it is safe to do so.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

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Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Ensure that there is an adequate earthing system for the equipment and personnel. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not breathe powders, vapours or mists. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Wash hands after use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Open containers with caution as they may be pressurised.

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic"

Use appropriate personal protective equipment, if necessary. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing vapors. Do not release into the environment. Ensure that adequate cleaning measures (housekeeping) are taken. Contaminated material should not accumulate in the workplace and should never be stored in your pocket. Keep away from food and drink. Do not eat, drink or smoke while using the product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not reuse contaminated clothing.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a ventilated and dry place, far away from sources of ignition. Keep containers well sealed. Keep the product in clearly labelled containers. Avoid overheating. Avoid violent blows. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition.

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic"

		, , ,					
Keep	away	from	strong	oxidants	and	reducing	agents.
Keep	away	fror	m	food,	drink	and	feed.
The structure	e of the storage area,	the characteristics	of the tanks, the	equipment and the op	perating procedures sha	all comply with the rele	vant European,
national or lo	ocal legislation. Stora	ge facilities shall b	e equipped with	systems to prevent	contamination of soil a	and water in the even	t of leakage or
spillage. The	cleaning, inspection	and maintenance	of the internal str	ucture of storage ta	nks must be carried or	ut by qualified and pro	perly equipped
personnel, as	s established by natio	nal, local or compa	ny regulations. Be	efore entering the sto	rage tanks and starting	any type of intervention	on in a confined
space, carr	y out appropriate	remediation, che	ck the atmospl	nere and verify t	he oxygen content	and the degree of	f flammability.
Keep		separate		from	oxidizin	g	agents.
Suitable mate	erials: use mild steel o	or stainless steel for	containers and co	patings. For the realize	zation of containers or i	nterior coatings use ap	proved material
suitable for t	the use of the produ	ct. Some synthetic	materials may n	ot be suitable for co	ontainers or coatings b	ased on material cha	racteristics and
intended use	s. Check the compati	bility of materials a	t the manufacture	r in relation to the co	onditions of use. If the p	product is supplied in co	ontainers, store
only in the or	riginal container or in	a container suitable	e for the type of p	roduct. Store contain	ners carefully closed ar	nd properly labelled. Er	npty containers

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may contain flammable product residues, which may cause a fire or explosion hazard. Open slowly to control any pressure release. Do not weld, braze, perforate, cut or incinerate empty containers unless they have been properly reclaimed.

Storage class TRGS 510 (Germany):

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory references:

Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81
Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983;
Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC. Italia OEL EU

RCP TLV ACGIH TLVs and BEIs -

Appendix H

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11,	n-alkanes, isoalka	anes, cyclic, <2% aror	natic"
Threshold Limit Value			

Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
RCP TLV		1200	197				
Predicted no-ef	fect concentration - PNE	:C					
Normal value in	fresh water			NPI			
Normal value in	n marine water			NPI			
Normal value for	or fresh water sediment			NPI			
Normal value for	or marine water sedimen	t		NPI			
Normal value for	or water, intermittent rele	ase		NPI			
Normal value of	f STP microorganisms			NPI			
Normal value fo	or the food chain (second	dary poisoning)		NPI			
Normal value fo	or the terrestrial compart	ment		NPI			
Normal value fo	or the atmosphere			NPI			
Health - Deri	ved no-effect level -	DNEL / DMEL					

Health - Derived no-et	tect level - DNEL / L	DMEL						
	Effects on				Effects on			
	consumers				workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral				125 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation				185 mg/m3				871 mg/m3
				24h				8h
Skin				125 ma/ka				208 ma/ka

bw/d

Cooked linseed oil

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Effects on Effects on workers

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Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic local	Chronic
Oral		•	VND	systemic 8,33 mg/kg		systemic		systemic
Inhalation			VND	bw/d 14,5 mg/m3			VND	49 mg/m3
Skin			VND	41,7 mg/kg bw/d			VND	69,4 mg/kg bw/d
Hydrocarbons, C9, ar Threshold Limit Value	e							
Туре	Country TWA	/8h		STEL/15min		Rema Obser	rks / vations	
	mg/r	า3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
OEL	EU 100							
Health - Derived no-e	ffect level - DNEL / Effects on consumers	DMEL			Effects on workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
								11 mg/kg
								bw/d
Oral Inhalation Skin				32 mg/m3 11 mg/kg				150 mg/m3 25 mg/kg
Inhalation Skin Neodecanoic acid, co								150 mg/m3
Inhalation Skin		/8h		11 mg/kg		Rema		150 mg/m3 25 mg/kg
Inhalation Skin Neodecanoic acid, co	9			11 mg/kg bw/d	ppm		rks / vations	150 mg/m3 25 mg/kg
Inhalation Skin Neodecanoic acid, co	Country TWA			11 mg/kg bw/d	ppm			150 mg/m3 25 mg/kg
Inhalation Skin Neodecanoic acid, cc Threshold Limit Value Type	Country TWA mg/r ITA 0,1 0,1			11 mg/kg bw/d	ppm			150 mg/m3 25 mg/kg
Neodecanoic acid, co Threshold Limit Value Type VLEP	Country			11 mg/kg bw/d	ppm	Obser		150 mg/m3 25 mg/kg
Neodecanoic acid, cc Threshold Limit Value Type VLEP Predicted no-effect concer	Country TWA mg/r ITA 0,1 ntration - PNEC			11 mg/kg bw/d STEL/15min mg/m3	·	Obser		150 mg/m3 25 mg/kg
Neodecanoic acid, co Threshold Limit Value Type VLEP Predicted no-effect concer	Country TWA mg/r ITA 0,1 ntration - PNEC er atter			11 mg/kg bw/d STEL/15min mg/m3	mę mę	Obser		150 mg/m3 25 mg/kg
Neodecanoic acid, cc Threshold Limit Value Type VLEP Predicted no-effect concer Normal value in fresh wate	mg/r ITA 0,1 Intration - PNEC er ater ter sediment			11 mg/kg bw/d STEL/15min mg/m3	mç mç mç	Obser		150 mg/m3 25 mg/kg
Neodecanoic acid, contreshold Limit Value Type VLEP Predicted no-effect concert Normal value in fresh wate Normal value for fresh wate Normal value for fresh wate Normal value for marine wate	Country TWA mg/r ITA 0,1 ntration - PNEC er atter ter sediment vater sediment			11 mg/kg bw/d STEL/15min mg/m3 0,003 0,00236 9,5	mç mç mç	Obser		150 mg/m3 25 mg/kg
Neodecanoic acid, cc Threshold Limit Value Type VLEP Predicted no-effect concer Normal value in fresh wate Normal value for fresh war Normal value for marine wan Normal value of STP micro	Country TWA mg/r ITA 0,1 ntration - PNEC er atter ter sediment vater sediment corganisms			11 mg/kg bw/d STEL/15min mg/m3 0,003 0,00236 9,5 9,5	mų mų mų mų	Obser		150 mg/m3 25 mg/kg
Neodecanoic acid, cc Threshold Limit Value Type VLEP Predicted no-effect concer Normal value in fresh wate Normal value for fresh wate	mg/r ITA 0,1 Intration - PNEC er ater ter sediment vater sediment coorganisms strial compartment	n3		11 mg/kg bw/d STEL/15min mg/m3 0,003 0,00236 9,5 9,5 0,37	mų mų mų mų	Obser		150 mg/m3 25 mg/kg
Neodecanoic acid, cc Threshold Limit Value Type VLEP Predicted no-effect concer Normal value in fresh wate Normal value for fresh war Normal value for marine wan Normal value for the terres	mg/r TTA 0,1 ITA 0,1 Intration - PNEC er ater ter sediment vater sediment porganisms strial compartment ffect level - DNEL / Effects on	n3		11 mg/kg bw/d STEL/15min mg/m3 0,003 0,00236 9,5 9,5 0,37	mg mg mg mg	Obser		150 mg/m3 25 mg/kg
Neodecanoic acid, cc Threshold Limit Value Type VLEP Predicted no-effect concer Normal value in fresh wate Normal value for fresh wate Normal value for marine wate Normal value for marine wate Normal value for the terrest Health - Derived no-e	mg/r TOUNTRY TWA mg/r ITA 0,1 Intration - PNEC er ater ter sediment vater sediment oorganisms strial compartment ffect level - DNEL / Effects on consumers	DMEL	ppm	11 mg/kg bw/d STEL/15min mg/m3 0,003 0,00236 9,5 9,5 0,37 10,9 Chronic	mg	Obser g/l g/l g/kg/d g/kg/d g/kg/d Acute	vations	150 mg/m3 25 mg/kg bw/d Chronic

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low hazard ; MED = medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard.

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8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves. (rif. norma EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material (see standard EN 374): compatibility, degradation, permeability time.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN ISO 16321).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) of the substance or one or more of the substances present in the product is exceeded, it is recommended to wear a Type A filter mask whose class (1, 2 or 3) should be chosen in relation to the limit concentration of use. (ref. standard EN 14387). If there are gases or vapours of a different nature and/or gases or vapours with particles (aerosols, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters shall be provided.

The use of respiratory protective equipment is necessary if the technical measures taken are not sufficient to limit the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection offered by masks is however limited.

In case the substance considered is odorless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the relevant TLV-TWA and in case of emergency, wear an open circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (ref. EN 137) or an external air intake respirator (ref. EN 138). For the correct choice of respiratory protection device, refer to EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS:

Emissions from production processes, including those from ventilation equipment, should be controlled for compliance with environmental protection legislation.

Do not release into the environment. Storage facilities shall be equipped with systems to prevent contamination of soil and water in the event of leakage or spillage. Prevent the release of undissolved substances or recover them from wastewater. Do not distribute sludge generated by industrial water treatment on natural soils. Sludge generated by industrial water treatment must be incinerated, kept under containment or treated.

Other information Minimise exposure to mists/vapours/aerosols. Before entering the storage tanks and starting any type of intervention in a confined space, carry out appropriate remediation, check the atmosphere and verify the oxygen content and the degree of flammability.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties Appearance	Value liquid	Information
Colour	yellowish	
Odour	characteristic	
Melting point / freezing point	not available	
Initial boiling point	165 °C	
Flammability	not available	
Lower explosive limit	not available	
Upper explosive limit	not available	
Flash point	23 ≤ T ≤ 60 °C	

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not available Auto-ignition temperature

рΗ not applicable Reason for missing data:substance/mixture is

Kinematic viscosity not available

Solubility immiscible with water

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water not available Vapour pressure not available Density and/or relative density 0,85 kg/l Relative vapour density not available Particle characteristics not applicable non-soluble (in water)

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC): 48,00 % - 408,00

Explosive properties non-explosive non-oxidizing

Oxidising properties

g/litre

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

If finely distributed and in contact with air there is a risk of self-ignition under certain conditions.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable under normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

See paragraph 10.1.

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic"

Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air. Contact with strong oxidants (such as peroxides and chromates) can cause a fire hazard. A mixture with nitrates or other strong oxidants (such as chlorates, perchlorates and liquid oxygen) may generate an explosive mass. Sensitivity to heat, friction and shock cannot be assessed in advance.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid accumulation of static charges. Avoid any ignition source.

10.5. Incompatible materials

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Strong oxidizing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Acroleina, monossido di Carbonio, biossido di Carbonio (anidride carbonica)

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Local effects. Product information:

Skin contact. Symptoms: Redness. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Eye Contact: Contact with eyes may cause irritation. Inhalation of the vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness. It can cause irritation. Inhalation of vapors can cause headache, nausea, vomiting and changes in consciousness.

Ingestion: if accidentally ingested, the product can enter the lungs due to its low viscosity and cause the rapid development of serious lung lesions (keep under medical supervision for 48 hours). Ingestion can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. May cause central nervous system depression.

Other adverse effects

Vapor concentrations above the recommended exposure levels are irritating to the eyes and respiratory tract, can cause headache and dizziness, have an anesthetic effect and cause other central nervous system effects. Repeated and / or prolonged skin contact with low viscosity materials can degrease the skin with possible development of irritation and dermatitis. Small amounts of fluid, aspirated into the lungs if swallowed or vomit, can cause chemical pneumonia or pulmonary edema.

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture:

ATE (Oral) of the mixture:

ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

Not classified (no significant component)

Not classified (no significant component)

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic"

 LD50 (Dermal):
 > 2000 mg/kg

 LD50 (Oral):
 > 5000 mg/kg

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 > 9300 mg/l/4h

 Cooked linseed oil
 > 9300 mg/l/4h

LD50 (Dermal): > 2000 mg/kg ratto
LD50 (Oral): > 4790 mg/kg ratto

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatic

LD50 (Dermal): > 2000 mg/kg LD50 (Oral): > 2000 mg/kg LC50 (Inhalation vapours): > 5 mg/l/4h

Mixture of 3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-(1,1-dimethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]alkyl C7-C9 propionates

LD50 (Dermal): > 2000 mg/kg ratto LD50 (Oral): > 2000 mg/kg ratto

Reaction products bis (2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl decandedioate with 1,1-dimethyl ethyl hydroperoxide and octane

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 LD50 (Dermal):
 > 2000 mg/kg ratto

 LD50 (Oral):
 > 2000 mg/kg ratto

Neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt

LD50 (Oral): 1567 mg/kg

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Repeated exposure can cause skin dryness and cracking. Slightly irritating to the skin on prolonged exposure.

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

EYE CONTACT: May cause mild, short-term eye discomfort. Based on test data for materials of similar structure to OECD guideline 405.

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

May produce an allergic reaction.

Contains:

Neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt

Respiratory sensitization

Not assumed to be a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization

Not assumed to be a skin sensitizer to OECD 406 guidelines.

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

The mutagenic potential of the substance has been extensively investigated in a range of in-vivo and in-vitro analyzes. Genetic toxicity: negative. It is assumed that it is not a germ cell mutagenic agent. Based on test data for materials of similar structure to OECD guidelines 471 473 474 476 478 479.

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

This product is not classified as a carcinogen. It is assumed that it does not cause cancer. Based on test data for materials of similar structure to OECD guideline 453.

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

No information available. It is assumed that it is not a toxic agent for reproduction. Based on test data for materials of similar structure to OECD guidelines 414 421 422.

Adverse effects on sexual function and fertility

Information not available

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Adverse effects on development of the offspring

The results of the studies on the substance related to developmental toxicity, dictated by the OECD guidelines, and those of the screening studies in the same setting did not reveal any tissue in rats.

Effects on or via lactation

Lactation: Not expected to be harmful to breastfed infants.

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Single Exposure: May cause drowsiness and dizziness. This substance does not meet the EU criteria for classification.

Target organs

Central nervous system

Route of exposure

Information not available

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Repeated Exposure: Not expected to cause organ damage following prolonged and repeated exposure. Based on test data for materials of similar structure to OECD guideline 408 413 422. No known effects based on information provided.

Target organs

Central nervous system.

Route of exposure

I Information not available

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Toxic for aspiration

The fluid can enter the lungs and cause damage (chemical pneumonia, potentially fatal).

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

The product is considered to be hazardous to the environment and harmful to aquatic organisms with long-term adverse effects on the aquatic environment.

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Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic"

Use according to good working practices, avoiding to disperse the product in the environment. Notify the competent authorities if the product has reached waterways or sewers or if it has contaminated the soil or vegetation. C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic (EC 919-857-5) hydrocarbons: Based on the ecological information below and according to the criteria indicated in the regulations on dangerous substances, this substance is not classified as hazardous to the environment.

12.1. Toxicity

Hydrocarbons C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic (EC 919-857-5): Below is a summary of the most representative studies of the Registration Dossier. Aquatic toxicity:

Endpoint: Invertebrates - Short term (Daphnia magna)

Result: EL50 (48 h): >1000 mg/L (mobility); EL50 (24 h): >1000 mg/L (mobility)

Comments: Key study (C9-C11, <2% aromatic) - OECD Guideline 202 - SRC (1995)

Endpoint: Invertebrates - Short term (Chaetogammarus marinus)

Result: LL50 (48 h): > 1000 mg/L (mortality); LL50 (24 h): >1000 mg/L (mortality)

Comments: Key study (C9-C11 <2 % aromatic) OECD Guideline 202 - TNO (1992)

Endpoint: Invertebrates - Long term (Daphnia magna) Result: NOELR (21 days): 0.23 mg/L (reproduction)

Comments: Support study (C9-C11 <2 % aromatic) (Q)SAR Modeled date - CONCAWE (2010)

Endpoint: Algae (Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata) Inhibition of growth

Result: EC50 (72 h): > 1000 mg/L (Growth); EC50 (72 h): > 1000 mg/L (biomass); NOELR (72 h): 3 mg/L (Number of cells); NOELR (72

h): 100 mg/L (Growth)

Comments: Key study (C9-C11 <2 % aromatic) OECD Guideline 201 - SRC (1995)

Endpoint: Fish - Short term (Oncorhynchus mykiss)

Result: LL50 (24 h):>1000 mg/L; LL0 (24 h):1000 mg/L; LL50 (48 h): >1000 mg/L; LL0 (48 h):1000 mg/L; LL50 (72): >1000 mg/L; LL0 (72 h) mg/L: Comments: Key study (C9-C11 <2 % aromatic) OECD Guideline 203 - SRC (1995).

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes,

isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic"

 $LC50 - for Fish > 1000 \ mg/l/96h \\ EC50 - for Crustacea > 1000 \ mg/l/48h \\ EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants > 1000 \ mg/l/72h$

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatic

 LC50 - for Fish
 > 1 mg/l/96h

 EC50 - for Crustacea
 > 10 mg/l/48h

 EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants
 > 100 mg/l/72h

Neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt

LC50 - for Fish 1,5 mg/l/96h Oncorhynchus mykiss (Trota iridea)

EC50 - for Crustacea 0,61 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 144 mg/l/72h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic"

C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic (EC 919-857-5):

Abiotic degradability: Hydrolysis: this substance is resistant to hydrolysis Therefore, this process will not contribute to a measurable loss of degradation of the substance in the environment.

Biotic degradability: Based on available studies and the properties of C9-C16 hydrocarbons, this substance is considered inherently biodegradable.

Method: Non-adapted microorganisms OECD Guideline 301 F

Result : Readily biodegradable 80 % (28 days)

Comments: Reliable key study without restrictions (C9-C11, <2% aromatic)

Source: Shell (1997).

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Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic"

Inherently degradable

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatic Rapidly degradable

Cooked linseed oil Rapidly degradable (according to OECD criteria)

Mixture of 3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-(1,1-dimethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]alkyl C7-C9 propionates

Degradability: data not available

Reaction products bis (2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl decandedioate with 1,1-dimethyl ethyl hydroperoxide and octane

Degradability: data not available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Hydrocarbons C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic (EC 919-857-5): Standard tests for this endpoint are not applicable to UVCB substances.

Cooked linseed oil

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

> 6 Kow

12.4. Mobility in soil

Hydrocarbons C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic (EC 919-857-5): Koc absorption: Standard tests for this endpoint are not applicable to substances UVCB.

Cooked linseed oil

Partition coefficient: soil/water > 4,96 l/kg

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Hydrocarbons C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic (EC 919-857-5): Comparison with the criteria of Annex XIII of the reach Regulation Persistence assessment: Some hydrocarbon structures contained in this substance have characteristics of P (Persistent) or vp (very Persistent).

Evaluation of bioaccumulation potential: the structure of most hydrocarbons contained in this substance DO NOT present characteristics of vb (very Bioaccumulative) however some components have characteristics of B (Bioaccumulative).

Toxicity assessment: for hydrocarbon structures showing P and B characteristics toxicity but no

relevant component meets the toxicity criteria with the exception of anthracene which has been confirmed as a PBT. Since anthracene is not present, the product is not considered PBT/vPvB.

According to the available data, the product does not contain PBT or vPvB substances in percentage to 0.1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Hydrocarbons C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic (EC 919-857-5): Dispersion in the environment may lead to contamination of environmental matrices

(air, soil, subsoil, surface and groundwater). Use according to good working practice, avoiding to disperse the products in the environment According to the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disrupters with effects on the environment being evaluated.

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12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: PAINT OF PAINT RELATED MATERIAL MIXTURE
IMDG: PAINT OF PAINT RELATED MATERIAL MIXTURE
IATA: PAINT OF PAINT RELATED MATERIAL MIXTURE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 3 Label: 3

IMDG: Class: 3 Label: 3

IATA: Class: 3 Label: 3



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA:

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: NO IMDG: NO IATA: NO

14.6. Special precautions for user

Revision nr. 9 MARBEC S.R.L. Dated 23/11/2023 Printed on 03/07/2024 0030580 - FLUOIL Page n. 17/20 Replaced revision:8 (Dated: 23/02/2022) ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 30 Limited Tunnel Quantities: 5 restriction code: (D/E) Special provision: -IMDG: EMS: F-E, <u>S-E</u> Limited Quantities: 5 IATA: Cargo: Maximum Packaging quantity: 220 instructions: 366 Passengers: Maximum Packaging quantity: 60 L instructions: 355 Special provision: A3, A72, A192 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments Information not relevant **SECTION 15. Regulatory information** 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: P5c Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006 <u>Product</u> Point 3 - 40 Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors not applicable Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH) On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage ≥ than 0,1%. Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH) None Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012: None Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention: None Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

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None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent dangerous to health must be subject to health surveillance carried out in accordance with the provisions of art. 41 of D.Lgs. 81 of 9 April 2008 unless the risk to the safety and health of the worker has been assessed irrelevant, in accordance with art. 224 paragraph 2.

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC):

Impregnating agents for wood that form a film of minimum thickness.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has been prepared for the following substances in the mixture: Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclic, < 2% aromatic; Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatic.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquid, category 3

Acute Tox. 4 Acute toxicity, category 4

STOT RE 1 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 1

Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard, category 1

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

Skin Sens. 1 Skin sensitization, category 1

Aquatic Chronic 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2

Aquatic Chronic 3 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- · CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods

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- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
- 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
- 22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP) 23. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2023/707
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

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nvironmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Finanges to previous review: ne following sections were modified: 2 / 03 / 08 / 10 / 11 / 12 / 15 / 16.	Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12